

**Department of Sociology and Social Work**  
**Central University of Jammu**  
**End Semester Exam-2016**

**Course No.:** PGSSW3E001T

**Course Title:** Rural and Urban Community Development

**Maximum Marks:** 100

**Time:** 3 hrs

Section A contains 10 MCQs and all are compulsory 10\*1.5= 15

Section B contains 10 short answer questions of 8 marks each with internal choice. Any 5 should be attempted. 5\*8= 40

Section C contains 5 long answer questions of 15 marks each. Any 3 should be attempted. 3\*15= 45

**Section A**

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>Q1 Gandhian view of development focus on –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) role of classes and class antagonisms</li><li>b) relationships of individuals and micro-economic-groups</li><li>c) agriculture and animal husbandry</li><li>d) industries and infrastructure</li></ul> | <p>Q6 An Urban area is defined as –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Population &gt; 5000</li><li>b) &gt;55% non-agricultural workforce</li><li>c) population density of &gt;700 per sq mile</li><li>d) all of the above</li></ul>                      |
| <p>Q2 Rural Development can be understood as –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) process and phenomenon</li><li>b) strategy and discipline</li><li>c) both a and b</li><li>d) none of the above</li></ul>  | <p>Q7 National Urban Housing and Habitat Policy came into existence in –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) 2005</li><li>b) 2006</li><li>c) 2007</li><li>d) 2008</li></ul>  |
| <p>Q3 Uni-Model of rural development is –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) universal accepted model for rural development</li><li>b) about equal distribution of land holding</li><li>c) followed by India and Nepal</li><li>d) based upon infrastructure and power</li></ul>         | <p>Q8 JNNURM focus on –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) rural and urban development</li><li>b) basic services to urban poor and infrastructure development through PPP</li><li>c) making smart cities</li><li>d) development of metro cities</li></ul> |
| <p>Q4 Social development is all about –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) housing and sanitation</li><li>b) health and education</li><li>c) wealth and employment</li><li>d) equity and social well being</li></ul>  | <p>Q9 74<sup>th</sup> Constitutional Amendment is about –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Village Panchayat</li><li>b) Urban local governing bodies</li><li>c) Legislative Assembly election</li><li>d) Citizen report card</li></ul>                  |
| <p>Q5 Human Development Index do not include –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) life expectancy</li><li>b) literacy rate</li><li>c) IMR</li><li>d) All of the above</li></ul>   | <p>Q10 JNNURM was initially launched for a period of –</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>a) Five years</li><li>b) Six years</li><li>c) Seven years</li><li>d) Eight years</li></ul>   |

### Section B

- Q11 Explain rural development as a process.  
or  
Q12 What was the major strategic shift between first and second five year plan?
- Q 13 How rural credit was institutionalised in India?  
or  
Q14 How 73<sup>rd</sup> constitutional amendment ensured people's participation in governance?
- Q15 How low income unauthorised settlements evolve in city?  
or  
Q16 What was the trend of urbanization in India?
- Q17 How JNNURM ensure the basic services for urban poor?  
or  
Q18 What are the important factors which affects urban poor?
- Q19 Write a short note on smart cities.  
or  
Q20 Write a note on 74<sup>th</sup> constitutional amendment.

### Section C

- Q21 How caste acts as power play in rural communities?
- Q22 How cooperatives revolutionised the rural development?
- Q23 What is your understanding of Urban Poor and their role in globalizing cities?
- Q24 Identity of Urban poor is in flux, explain.
- Q25 What are the major policies and programmes related to urban community development?